

Title: (The Title of the Article should be Precise and Brief and Must Not be More Than 120 Characters. Authors should avoid the Use of Non-Standard Abbreviations. The Title Must be Written in Title Case Except for articles, conjunctions and prepositions.)

Principal Author^a, Corresponding author^{*b}, Co-author¹, Co-author^{2a} and Co-author^{3a}

(The author will be required to provide their full names, the institutional affiliations and the location, with an asterisk in front of the name of the principal/corresponding author).

^a*Department Name, Faculty Name, University Name, City, Country;* ^b*Department Name, Faculty Name, University Name, City, Country*

Abstract: The abstract should not exceed 250 words for review papers summarizing the essential features of the article.

Keywords: 6 to 8 keywords must be provided.

1. INTRODUCTION

The Introduction section should include the background and aims of the research in a comprehensive manner, for the researchers.

1.1. Section headings

Section headings should be numbered sequentially, left aligned and have the first letter capitalized, starting with the introduction. Sub-section headings however should be in lower-case and italicized with their initials capitalized. They should be numbered as 1.1, 1.2, etc. A page break may be inserted to keep a heading along with its text.

1.2. General guidelines for the preparation of your text

Please provide soft copies of all the materials (main text in MS Word or Tex/LaTeX), figures/illustrations in TIFF, PDF or JPEG, and chemical structures drawn in ChemDraw (CDX)/ISISDraw (TGF) as separate files, while a PDF version of the entire manuscript must also be included, embedded with all the figures/illustrations/tables/chemical structures etc. It is advisable that the document files related to a manuscript submission should always have the name of the corresponding author as part of the file name, i.e., "Cilli MS text.doc", "Cilli MS Figure 1" etc.

It is imperative that before submission, authors should carefully proofread the files for special characters, mathematical symbols, Greek letters, equations, tables, references and images, to ensure that they appear in proper format.

References, figures, tables, chemical structures etc. should be referred to in the text at the appropriate place where they have been first discussed. Figure legends/captions should also be provided.

1.3. Figures/Illustrations:

All authors must strictly follow the guidelines below for preparing illustrations for publication. If the figures are found to be sub-standard, then the manuscripts will be rejected/ and the authors offered the option of figure improvement professionally by Eureka Science. The costs for such improvement will be charged to the authors.

Illustrations should be provided as separate files, embedded in the text file, and must be numbered consecutively in the order of their appearance. Each figure should include only a single illustration which should be cropped to minimize the amount of space occupied by the illustration.

If a figure is in separate parts, all parts of the figure must be provided in a single composite illustration file.

Photographs should be provided with a scale bar if appropriate, as well as high-resolution component files.

1.3.1. Scaling/Resolution:

Line Art image type is normally an image based on lines and text. It does not contain tonal or shaded areas. The preferred file format should be TIFF or EPS, with the color mode being Monochrome 1-bit or RGB, in a resolution of 900-1200 dpi.

Halftone image type is a continuous tone photograph containing no text. It should have the preferred file format TIFF, with color mode being RGB or Grayscale, in a resolution of 300 dpi.

Combination image type is an image containing halftone, text or line art elements. It should have the preferred file format TIFF, with color mode being RGB or Grayscale, in a resolution of 500-900 dpi.

1.3.2. Formats:

Illustrations may be submitted in the following file formats:

- Illustrator
- EPS (preferred format for diagrams)
- PDF (also especially suitable for diagrams)
- PNG (preferred format for photos or images)
- Microsoft Word (version 5 and above; figures must be a single page)
- PowerPoint (figures must be a single page)
- TIFF
- JPEG (conversion should be done using the original file)
- BMP
- CDX (ChemDraw)
- TGF (ISISDraw)

Bentham Science does not process figures submitted in GIF format.

For TIFF or EPS figures with considerably large file size restricting the file size in online submissions is advisable. Authors may therefore convert to JPEG format before submission as this result in significantly reduced file size and upload time, while retaining acceptable quality. JPEG is a 'lossy' format, however. In order to maintain acceptable image quality, it is recommended that JPEG files are saved at High or Maximum quality.

Zipit or Stuffit tools should not be used to compress files prior to submission as the resulting compression through these tools is always negligible.

Please refrain from supplying:

- a) Graphics embedded in word processor (spreadsheet, presentation) document.
- b) Optimized files optimized for screen use (like GIF, BMP, PICT, WPG) because of the low resolution.
- c) Files with too low a resolution.
- d) Graphics that are disproportionately large for the content.

1.3.3. Image Conversion Tools:

There are a number of software packages available, many of them freeware or shareware, capable of converting to and from different graphics formats, including PNG.

General tools for image conversion include Graphic Converter on the Macintosh, Paint Shop Pro, for Windows, and ImageMagick, available on Macintosh, Windows and UNIX platforms.

Bitmap images (e.g. screenshots) should not be converted to EPS as they result in a much larger file size than the equivalent JPEG, TIFF, PNG or BMP, and poor quality. EPS should only be used for images produced by vector-drawing applications such as Adobe Illustrator or CorelDraw. Most vector-drawing applications can be saved in, or exported as, EPS format. If the images were originally prepared in an Office application, such as Word or PowerPoint, original

Office files should be directly uploaded to the site, instead of being converted to JPEG or another format of low quality.

1.3.4. Color Figures/Illustrations:

Color figures publication in the journal: The cost for each individual page of color figures is US\$ 950.

Color figures should be supplied in CMYK not RGB colors.

1.3.5. Chemical Structures:

Chemical structures **MUST** be prepared in ChemDraw/CDX and provided as a separate file.

1.4 Tables:

Tables should be embedded in the text exactly according to their appropriate placement in the submitted manuscript. Table number in bold font i.e. Table 1, should follow a title. The title should be in small case with the first letter in caps.

Data Tables should be submitted in Microsoft Word table format.

1.5. Construction of references

All references should be numbered sequentially [in square brackets] in the text and listed in the same numerical order in the reference section. The reference numbers must be finalized and the bibliography must be fully formatted before submission.

Sample references are provided at the end of this template in the reference section. Correct reference format and list must be provided in the article.

2. MATERIALS AND METHOD (FOR RESEARCH ARTICLES ONLY)

This section provides details of the methodology used along with information on any previous efforts with corresponding references. Any details for further modifications and research should be included.

3. EXPERIMENTAL: (FOR RESEARCH ARTICLES ONLY)-

Repeated information should not be reported in the text of an article. A calculation section must include experimental data, facts and practical development from a theoretical perspective.

4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS: (FOR RESEARCH ARTICLES ONLY)-

The Results and discussions may be presented individually or combined in a single section with short and informative headings.

CONCLUSION

The concluding lines of the article may be presented in a short section of conclusion.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

If abbreviations are used in the text either they should be defined in the text where first used, or a list of abbreviations can be provided.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

Financial contributions and any potential conflict of interest must be clearly acknowledged under the heading 'Conflict of Interest'. Authors must list the source(s) of funding for the study. This should be done for each author.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

All individuals listed as authors must have contributed substantially to the design, performance, analysis, or reporting of the work and are required to indicate their specific contribution. Anyone (individual/company/institution) who has substantially contributed to the study for important intellectual content, or who was involved in the article's drafting the manuscript or revising must also be acknowledged.

Guest or honorary authorship based solely on position (e.g. research supervisor, departmental head) is discouraged.

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Supportive/Supplementary material intended for publication must be numbered and referred to in the manuscript but should not be a part of the submitted paper. List all Supportive/Supplementary Material and include a brief caption line for each file describing its contents.

REFERENCES

Journal Reference

If the number of authors exceeds six then *et al.* will be used after three names (the term "*et al.*" should be in italics.)"

[1] Cortright DN, Szallasi A. TRP channels and pain. *Curr Pharm Des* 2009; 15(15): 1736-49.

[2] Shahrestani P, Mueller LD, Rose MR. Does aging stop? *Curr Aging Sci* 2009; 2(1): 3-11.

More than Six Authors

[3] Frankel AE, Zuckero SL, Mankin AA, *et al.* Anti-CD3 recombinant diphtheria immunotoxin therapy of cutaneous T cell lymphoma. *Curr Drug Targets* 2009;10(2): 104-9.

Edited Book

[4] Blaxter PS, Farnsworth TP. Social health and class inequalities. In: Carter C, Peel JR, Eds. *Equalities and inequalities in health*. 2nd ed. London: Academic Press 1976; pp. 165-78.

Chapter in a Book

[5] Phillips SJ, Whisnant JP. Hypertension and stroke. In: Laragh JH, Brenner BM, Eds. *Hypertension: pathophysiology, diagnosis, and management*. 2nd ed. New York: Raven Press 1995; pp. 465-78.

Patent

[6] Larsen CE, Trip R, Johnson CR. Methods for procedures related to the electrophysiology of the heart. US Patent 5529067, 1995.

Conference Proceedings

[7] Kimura J, Shibasaki H, Eds. Recent advances in clinical neurophysiology. *Proceedings of the 10th International Congress of EMG and Clinical Neurophysiology*; 1995 Oct 15-19; Kyoto, Japan. Amsterdam: Elsevier 1996.

Thesis and Dissertation

[8] Borkowski MM. Infant sleep and feeding: a telephone survey of Hispanic Americans. PhD dissertation. Mount Pleasant (MI): Central Michigan University 2002.

Some important points to remember:

- All references must be complete and accurate.
- Date of access should be provided for online citations.
- Journal names should be abbreviated according to the Index Medicus/MEDLINE.
- If the number of authors exceeds six then *et al.* will be used after three names (the term "*et al.*" should be in italics).
- Punctuation should be properly applied as mentioned in the examples given above.
- Superscript in the in-text citations and reference section should be avoided.
- Abstracts, unpublished data and personal communications (which can only be included if prior permission has been obtained) should not be given in the references section. The details may however appear in the footnotes.
- The authors are encouraged to use a recent version of EndNote (version 5 and above) or Reference Manager (version 10) when formatting their reference list, as this allows references to be automatically extracted.